

When the wind blows, but the grid says no: planning smarter wind projects in Poland

The site looks perfect. The wind conditions are promising, the local community supports the project and the initial permit discussions have started. But beneath the surface, a hidden risk remains: grid availability. In Poland's dynamic wind market, success is not only about finding the right location. It is about knowing when a site can truly deliver power and whether the economy will hold until then.



Early stage decisions shape the entire project lifecycle. And in an environment where competition for land and grid capacity is accelerating, reliable data and speed are the decisive factors.

The Polish wind market: high ambitions, high complexity

Poland is one of the most promising wind energy markets in Europe. According to the country's energy strategy (PEP2040), offshore wind capacity is planned to reach 18 GW by 2040. Onshore wind already contributes around 9.43 GW to the national grid. Recent changes to the 10H distance rule, now requiring only 700 meters between wind turbines and residential buildings, have opened up new areas for onshore development.

This change sparked optimism across the market. Yet, unlocking new land alone does not solve the core challenges of project development. A wind project is only as strong as its weakest link and in Poland, that link is often the grid. Permitting remains a complex journey, involving multiple levels of administration: local municipalities (gmina), county authorities (powiat) and environmental agencies like RDOŚ and GDOŚ. But even with permits in hand, developers frequently face the unexpected roadblock of grid access delays.

Choosing the right site: more than just wind speed

The first question in any wind project is often about wind resources. But in Poland, where grid access and permitting are equally decisive, evaluating a site goes far beyond measuring wind speeds.

Selecting the right location means asking the right questions early on. How reliable are the wind data and yield predictions for this site? Are there Natura 2000 protected areas or other environmental constraints? How close is the nearest grid connection point and what are its available capacities?

In a competitive environment, every month counts. Developers who wait too long for extensive measurement campaigns or

traditional yield assessments may find that their chosen site is no longer available or that grid capacities have already been allocated elsewhere.

Why data quality matters

Bankability, financing decisions and auction participation depend on reliable energy yield assessments. But getting accurate results does not always require waiting for years of measurements.

Today, advanced methods allow for highquality yield predictions even at early project stages. By combining historical weather data, modern wind modeling techniques and site-specific parameters, developers can gain meaningful insights much faster than with traditional approaches alone.

Good data reduces risk. It allows project managers, investors and banks to make informed decisions based on realistic scenarios instead of best guesses. It also helps to prioritize between multiple potential sites, focusing resources where the likelihood of success is highest.



Grid is key: steps in wind project planning

Why financiers care about data and grid access

Grid constraints and yield uncertainty do not just affect technical planning, they directly shape a project's financial feasibility. Whether bidding in Poland's renewable energy auctions or negotiating corporate power purchase agreements (CPPAs), developers need to demonstrate that their projects are both technically viable and economically robust.

Banks and investors expect detailed yield assessments, including 20 to 25 years of projected energy output. But these forecasts hold little value if grid access remains unresolved or uncertain. A project that cannot deliver its power to the grid on time risks revenue losses, financing penalties or even project failure.

This is why early integration of grid analysis into yield forecasting is becoming standard practice. Developers who can align their production scenarios with grid availability timelines are in a stronger position when negotiating financing terms.

The hidden challenge: grid bottlenecks

While many project developers focus on finding the best wind conditions, the availability of grid connections is often the real limiting factor in Poland.

Polskie Sieci Elektroenergetyczne (PSE), the Polish transmission system operator, faces significant challenges in keeping pace with the rapid expansion of renewable energy. In some areas, grid access permits are subject to significant delays, often stretching over several years due to limited transmission capacity and the need for infrastructure upgrades.

Consider the example of a developer identifying a high-potential site near Gdańsk. Wind measurements indicate strong yields, and local permitting seems achievable. Yet, discussions with PSE reveal that grid connection capacity in the area is already fully allocated for the next three years. Without a viable grid access route, even the best site remains theoretical.

This makes early grid assessment a crucial part of project development. Understanding whether a site can realistically be connected to the grid, and when, can prevent costly delays or failed investments.

Storage and flexibility as part of the strategy

One way to mitigate grid bottlenecks is through the integration of storage solutions and flexible plant designs. Battery systems, hybrid projects combining wind and solar or power-to-X technologies can help balance production and improve grid compatibility.

These options not only increase the technical feasibility of projects but also strengthen their business case. Flexible designs can reduce curtailment risks and improve revenue stability, especially in regions with constrained grid capacities.

Including storage or hybrid elements can also enhance a project's standing in auctions and financing discussions. Banks view flexible designs as risk mitigation strategies, making projects more attractive for funding.

Speed as a competitive advantage

In a fast moving market like Poland, timing is everything. Developers who can evaluate site potential quickly and accurately are better positioned to secure the best locations, arrange financing and participate successfully in auctions.

Automated data analysis, digital site assessment tools, and scenario simulations help to accelerate decision-making. These methods do not replace detailed measurements or expert evaluations, but they provide a valuable first filter, a way to prioritize efforts and reduce time-to-market.

In the current environment, speed does not mean cutting corners. It means using the right data at the right time to move confidently through each project stage.

Conclusion: success through data and preparation

Poland's wind energy market holds great promise. With ambitious national targets, a growing appetite for renewable power and a shift in regulatory frameworks, the country is becoming one of Europe's most attractive landscapes for wind project development.

But ambition alone will not secure success. In a market shaped by complex permitting, competitive auctions and critical infrastructure bottlenecks, the real advantage lies in preparation and the quality of decisions made at the earliest project stages.

Understanding wind potential remains essential. Yet it is no longer enough to focus solely on resource assessments. The reality of grid constraints, regional differences in capacity availability, and the timing of network upgrades adds a layer of complexity that can make or break a project.

Developers who integrate grid analysis, yield forecasting, and scenario planning from the very beginning are better equipped to move fast and to move confidently. Early stage data insights help to prioritize opportunities, reduce risk exposure and strengthen the financial case in discussions with investors, banks and offtakers.

In a race where the best sites are often claimed within months, speed and data driven clarity become decisive factors. Those who rely on guesswork or delayed assessments risk losing valuable time, or worse, investing in sites that ultimately cannot deliver.

Success in Poland's wind market will belong to those who ask the right questions early, who combine technical expertise with strategic foresight and who recognize that fast decisions are only valuable when they are also informed decisions.

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